

SYNTEC Product Specification: Biaxial Geogrid SBX 11 (Type 1)

Product Type:

Load Transfer Mechanism:

Primary Applications:

Polymer:

Integrally Formed Biaxial Geogrid

Polypropylene

Positive Mechanical Interlock

Base Reinforcement, Subgrade Improvement



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Product Properties

Index Properties	Units	MD Values ¹	XMD Values ¹
 Aperture Dimensions² 	mm (in)	25 (1.0)	33 (1.3)
 Minimum Rib Thickness² 	mm (in)	0.76 (0.03)	0.76 (0.03)
 Tensile Strength @ 2% Strain³ 	kN/m (lb/ft)	4.1 (280)	6.6 (450)
 Tensile Strength @ 5% Strain³ 	kN/m (lb/ft)	8.5 (580)	13.4 (920)
 Ultimate Tensile Strength³ 	kN/m (lb/ft)	12.4 (850)	19.0 (1,300)
Structural Integrity			
 Junction Efficiency⁴ 	%	93	
 Flexural Stiffness⁵ 	mg-cm	250,000	
 Aperture Stability⁶ 	m-N/deg	0.32	
Durability			
 Resistance to Installation Damage⁷ 	%SC / %SW / %GP	95 / 93 / 90	
 Resistance to Long Term Degradation⁸ 	%	100	
 Resistance to UV Degradation⁹ 	%	100	
Dimensions and Delivery			

Dimensions and Delivery

The biaxial geogrid shall be delivered to the jobsite in roll form with each roll individually identified and nominally measuring 3.0 meters (9.8 feet) or 4.0 meters (13.1 feet) in width and 75.0 meters (246 feet) in length. A typical truckload quantity is 185 to 250 rolls.

Notes:

- Unless indicated otherwise, values shown are minimum average roll values determined in accordance with ASTM D4759-02. Brief descriptions of test procedures are given in the following notes.
- 2. Nominal dimensions.
- 3. True resistance to elongation when initially subjected to a load determined in accordance with ASTM D6637-01 without deforming test materials under load before measuring such resistance or employing "secant" or "offset" tangent methods of measurement so as to overstate tensile properties.
- 4. Load transfer capability determined in accordance with GRI-GG2-05 and expressed as a percentage of ultimate tensile strength.
- 5. Resistance to bending force determined in accordance with ASTM D5732-01, using specimens of width two ribs wide, with transverse ribs cut flush with exterior edges of longitudinal ribs (as a "ladder"), and of length sufficiently long to enable measurement of the overhang dimension. The overall Flexural Stiffness is calculated as the square root of the product of MD and XMD Flexural Stiffness values.
- 6. Resistance to in-plane rotational movement measured by applying a 20 kg-cm (2 m-N) moment to the central junction of a 9 inch x 9 inch specimen restrained at its perimeter in accordance with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Methodology for measurement of Torsional Rigidity.
- 7. Resistance to loss of load capacity or structural integrity when subjected to mechanical installation stress in clayey sand (SC), well graded sand (SW), and crushed stone classified as poorly graded gravel (GP). The geogrid shall be sampled in accordance with ASTM D5818-06 and load capacity shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D6637-01.
- 8. Resistance to loss of load capacity or structural integrity when subjected to chemically aggressive environments in accordance with EPA 9090 immersion testing.
- Resistance to loss of load capacity or structural integrity when subjected to 500 hours of ultraviolet light and aggressive weathering in accordance with ASTM D4355-05.